

In the Claims:

Please amend claims 4, 7, 13, 14 and 17 as indicated below.

1. (Original) A resource access control mechanism for a computer system including at least one central processing unit, the resource access control mechanism comprising

an address translation mechanism operable to map a received address to a resource and

a trap handler for handling a trap in the event of a faulty resource access being detected, the trap handler being operable to instigate a diversion for subsequent access attempts to the resource and

the address translation mechanism being responsive to instigation of a diversion by the trap handler to effect the diversion for subsequent attempts to access the resource.

2. (Original) The resource access control mechanism of claim 1, wherein the trap handler is further operable to process an exception.

3. (Original) The resource access control mechanism of claim 1, wherein the address translation mechanism includes a translation look-aside buffer.

4. (Currently amended) The resource access control mechanism of claim 1, wherein the address translation mechanism forms part of a memory management unit.

5. (Original) The resource access control mechanism of claim 1, wherein the trap handler is operable to identify an alternative resource address to the address translation

mechanism for replacing a resource address held in an address translation entry for the resource.

6. (Original) The resource access control mechanism of claim 1, wherein the trap handler is operable to instigate the diversion by signaling the address translation mechanism.

7. (Currently amended) The resource access control mechanism of claim 6, wherein the address translation mechanism is responsive to instigation of a diversion by the trap handler to replace a resource address held in an address translation entry for the resource with an address for an alternative resource address.


8. (Original) The resource access control mechanism of claim 6, wherein the address translation mechanism is responsive to instigation of a diversion by the trap handler to set a divert flag in a translation entry of the address translation and is further operable to respond to a received address relating to an address translation entry having a divert flag set to use an alternative address to that held in the address translation entry.

9. (Original) The resource access control mechanism of claim 6, wherein the address translation mechanism is responsive to instigation of a diversion by the trap handler to set a divert flag in a translation entry of the address translation and is further operable to respond to a received address relating to an address translation entry having a divert flag set to modify an address held in the address translation entry.

10. (Original) The resource access control mechanism of claim 1, wherein the resource is at least one memory location.

11. (Original) The resource access control mechanism of claim 1, wherein the resource is a peripheral device.

12. (Original) The resource access control mechanism of claim 1, wherein the resource is a subsystem.

 13. (Currently amended) The resource access control mechanism of claim 7, wherein the alternative resource is a faked response generator.

14. (Currently amended) The resource access control mechanism of claim 7, wherein the alternative resource is a predefined memory portion.

15. (Original) A computer system comprising at least one processor that includes at least one central processing unit, memory, at least one peripheral device and a resource access control mechanism, wherein the resource access control mechanism comprises

an address translation mechanism operable to map a received address to a resource and

a trap handler for handling a trap in the event of a faulty resource access being detected, the trap handler being operable to instigate a diversion for subsequent access attempts to the resource and

the address translation mechanism being responsive to instigation of a diversion by the trap handler to effect the diversion for subsequent attempts to access the resource.

16. (Original) The computer system of claim 15, operable to identify an initial faulty access to a resource.

17. (Currently amended) A method of managing processor access to resources in a computer system, the method comprising:



a trap handler handling a trap in the event of an initial faulty access attempt to a resource being detected;

defining said trap handler instigating a diversion in an address translation mechanism for subsequent access attempts to the same resource;

said address translation mechanism diverting a subsequent attempt to access the resource.

18. (Original) The method of claim 17, further comprising processing an exception.

19. (Original) The method of claim 17, wherein the defining of a diversion includes replacing a resource address held in an address translation entry for the resource with an alternative resource address.

20. (Original) The method of claim 17, wherein the defining of a diversion includes setting a divert flag in an address translation entry for the resource and the diverting of a subsequent attempt to access the resource includes using an different address to that held in the address translation entry when the divert flag is set.

21. (Original) The method of claim 17, wherein the defining of a diversion includes setting a divert flag in an address translation entry for the resource and the diverting of a subsequent attempt to access the resource includes modifying an address held in the address translation entry.

22. (Original) The method of claim 17, wherein the diversion is to a predefined memory portion.

23. (Original) The method of claim 17, wherein the diversion results in the generation of a faked response to the resource access.

24. (Original) The method of claim 17, wherein the resource is at least one memory location.

25. (Original) The method of claim 17, wherein the resource is a peripheral device.

26. (Original) The method of claim 17, wherein the resource is a subsystem.

27. (Original) A computer program on a carrier medium, the computer program forming a trap handler for a computer system and comprising computer code operable:

to respond to a faulty resource access by processing an exception; and

to instigate a diversion in an address translation mechanism for subsequent access attempts to the resource.

28. (Original) The computer program of claim 27, wherein the carrier medium is a storage medium.

29. (Original) The computer program of claim 27, wherein the carrier medium is a transmissions medium.